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Bi-Spectrum Radiometric Detector APC User Manual



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Precautions

Precautions

Fully understand this document before using this device, and strictly observe rules in this document when using this device. If you install this device in public places, provide the tip "You have entered the area of electronic surveillance" in an eyecatching place. Failure to correctly use electrical products may cause fire and severe injuries. To prevent accidents, carefully read the following context:

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Symbols

This document may contain the following symbols whose meanings are described accordingly.

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Symbol	Description
DANGER	It alerts you to fatal dangers which, if not avoided, may cause deaths or severe injuries.
WARNING	It alerts you to moderate dangers which, if not avoided, may cause minor or moderate injuries.
A CAUTION	It alerts you to risks. Neglect of these risks may cause device damage, data loss, device performance deterioration, or unpredictable results.
©—" TIP	It provides a tip that may help you resolve problems or save time.
₩ NOTE	It provides additional information.



DANGER

To prevent electric shocks or other dangers, keep power plugs dry and clean.



WARNING

- Strictly observe installation requirements when installing the device. The
 manufacturer shall not be held responsible for device damage caused by users' nonconformance to these requirements.
- Strictly conform to local electrical safety standards and use power adapters that are marked with the LPS standard when installing and using this device. Otherwise, this device may be damaged.

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- Use accessories delivered with this device. The voltage must meet input voltage requirements for this device.
- If this device is installed in places with unsteady voltage, ground this device to discharge high energy such as electrical surges in order to prevent the power supply from burning out.
- When this device is in use, ensure that no water or any liquid flows into the
 device. If water or liquid unexpectedly flows into the device, immediately power
 off the device and disconnect all cables (such as power cables and network cables)
 from this device.
- Do not expose the thermal imaging camera or unpacked product to extremely strong radiation sources, such as the sun, laser, or arc welding machine, regardless of whether the device is being electrified or not; do not put the camera close to high thermal objects such as the sunlight; otherwise, the precision of the camera may be affected and even the detector inside the camera may suffer a permanent damage.
- If this device is installed in places where thunder and lightning frequently occur, ground the device nearby to discharge high energy such as thunder strikes in order to prevent device damage.



CAUTION

- Unless otherwise specified, do not use the camera in a temperature lower than -20 °C (-4 °F) or higher than +60 °C (+140 °F). Too-high or too-low temperature
 - may cause image display anomaly of the camera and the camera will be damaged if it is working under such a condition for a long time.
- If the camera is installed outdoors, avoid direct sunlight at dawn and dusk on the camera lens and install a sunshield with frontal and rear positions adjusted according to the sunlight angle.
- Avoid heavy loads, intensive shakes, and soaking to prevent damages during transportation and storage. The warranty does not cover any device damage that is caused during secondary packaging and transportation after the original packaging is taken apart.
- Protect this device from fall-down and intensive strikes, keep the device away from magnetic field interference, and do not install the device in places with shaking surfaces or under shocks.
- Clean the device with a soft dry cloth. For stubborn dirt, dip the cloth into slight neutral cleanser, gently wipe the dirt with the cloth, and then dry the device.
- Since the camera lens is painted with a durable coating material, it adapts to
 outdoor environment. The lens must be cleaned regularly. If the image quality is
 reduced or excessive dirt is deposited on the lens, clean the lens in a timely
 manner. In sandy (in desert) or corrosive (on sea) environment, use the camera
 with caution; improper use may cause the coating to peel off.
- Do not jam the ventilation opening. Follow the installation instructions provided in this document when installing the device.

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Reep the device away from heat sources such as radiators, electric heaters, or other heat equipment.

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- Keep the device away from moist, dusty, extremely hot or cold places, or places with strong electric radiation.
- If the device is installed outdoors, take insect- and moisture-proof measures to avoid circuit board corrosion that can affect monitoring.
- Remove the power plug if the device is idle for a long time.
- Before unpacking, check whether the fragile sticker is damaged. If the fragile sticker is damaged, contact customer services or sales personnel. The manufacturer shall not be held responsible for any artificial damage of the fragile sticker.

Special Announcement

All complete products sold by the manufacturer are delivered along with nameplates, operation instructions, and accessories after strict inspection. The manufacturer shall not be held responsible for counterfeit products.

This manual may contain misprints, technology information that is not accurate enough, or product function and operation description that is slightly inconsistent with the actual product. The manufacturer will update this manual according to product function enhancement or changes and regularly update the software and hardware described in SATINFRARED this manual. Update information will be added to new versions of this manual without prior notice.

This manual is only for reference and does not ensure that the information is totally consistent with the actual product. For consistency, see the actual product.

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1 Overview

1.1 Principle of Thermal Imaging and Advantages

Any object with temperature higher than the absolute zero (-273.15°F) will emit infrared (IR) ray, even though it does not emit light. The IR ray is also called thermal radiation. IR rays emitted by objects with different temperatures can be absorbed by the detector to reflect temperature change and thus generate an electric effect. The electric signal is amplified and processed to produce a thermal image that corresponds to the thermal distribution of the object surface. This is the process of thermal imaging.

Adapt to any environment

Traditional cameras rely on natural or environmental light to shoot images, but this IR thermal imaging camera relies on the IR energy radiated by an object itself to form an image, not requiring any light. The IR thermal imaging camera is applicable to any environment and not affected by light strength. It can detect and identify any camouflage and concealed object both in daytime or nighttime, implementing round-the-clock monitoring.

Monitor the temperature field with object energy distributed

The IR thermal imaging camera can show the temperature field of an object, converting the invisible surface temperature distribution situation to a visible thermal image that reflects the surface temperature distribution situation of the object. By this monitoring, users can discover temperature anomaly in a timely manner and take precautionary measures to avoid any risk that may be caused by the anomaly, for example, a fire.

Boast cloud penetration capability

Visible light and near IR ray will be absorbed by the air, cloud and smoke, but they are transparent to IR ray of the 3~5 µm Medium Wavelength Infrared (MWIR) region and 8~14 µm Long Wavelength Infrared (LWIR) region. Traditional cameras cannot shoot clear images under cloudy environment, but the IR thermal imaging camera can penetrate the cloud and smoke to shoot clear images.

Bi-Spectrum Radiometric Detector

"Temperature warning type thermal imaging camera + HD visible light" binocular monitoring.

Compact, lightweight, compact and cost effective.

Support horizontal/vertical installation.

Product Introduction

Bi-Spectrum Radiometric Detector, the whole machine shell and the base are all made of high strength aluminum alloy material with comprehensive function and high stability. It can be widely used in power switch cabinets, machine rooms, storages, etc.

Function 1.2.1

- To support a variety of scanning methods, such as cruise scan, pattern scanning, etc.
- It supports the function of power off memory and automatically returns to the monitoring scene before power off.
- Support network signal and analog signal double output, cloud platform control classification operation.
- The double helix structure of worm gear and worm drive, the electronic image stabilization, and mechanical locking design, power self-locking function.

1.2.2Product Features

- The shell of the machine adopts the material of high strength aluminum alloy die casting machine with anti-corrosion materials, anti-corrosion treatment, key parts filling nitrogen seal, all-weather protective design, IP66 protection grade, can adapt to the maritime and coastal defense environment such as salt fog video monitoring application.
- The imaging is clear: the thermal imaging system is able to produce clear and penetrating images through the dark environment with no light, the image is clear, the focal length is fine, and the optical fog is supported.

 The machine assembly is easy to operate and easy.

Description of PTZ cable 1.3

Multi-cable 1.3.1

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Aviation power supply and network cable of twenty-six cores is shown as Figure 1-1, and the description is shown in Table 1-1.

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Figure 1-1 Aviation power supply and network cable

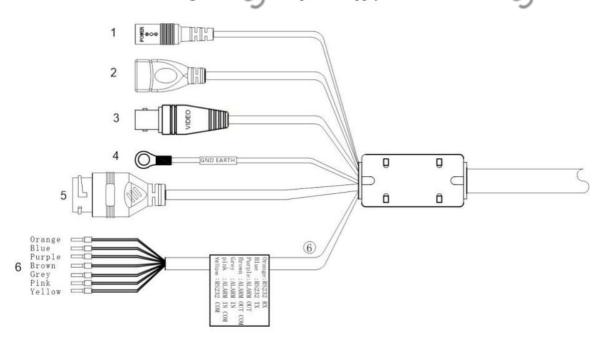


Table 1-1 Description of cores

	.0	Table 1-1 Description of cores
SN	Port	Description
10	Power	Table 1-1 Description of cores Description DC 12 V Connect USB port
TX,	USB	Connect USB port
3	Video port	Connect to video screen
4	G	Ground earth wire
5	Network port	Connect to a standard Ethernet cable
6	Orange	RS232 RX
	Blue	RS232 TX
	Purple	ALARM OUT
	Brown	ALARM OUT COM
	Grey	ALARM IN
	Pink	ALARM IN COM
	Yellow	RS232 COM

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2 Device

Dimensions

Figure 2-1 shows the dimensions of the Bi-Spectrum Radiometric Detector.

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Figure 2-1 Dimensions (unit: mm) 43 65 42 42 60 80.5 92 4- M3 Depth 6 4- M3 Depth 6 2- 1/4- 20UNC- 1A Depth 8/ 50 SAY.INFRARED SATINFRARE 116 0 126 107 123 104 **□** φ63 ोर्ग φ55

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3 Device

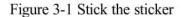
Installation

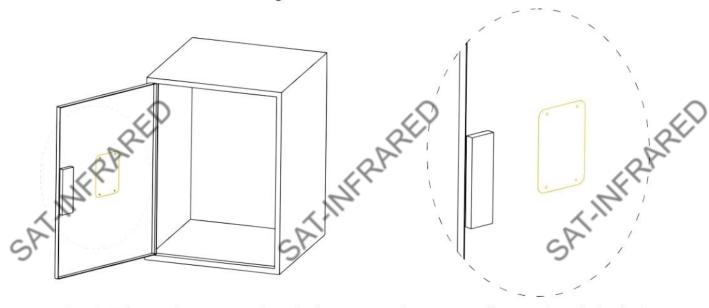
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3.1 Cabinet Installation

3.1.1General Installation

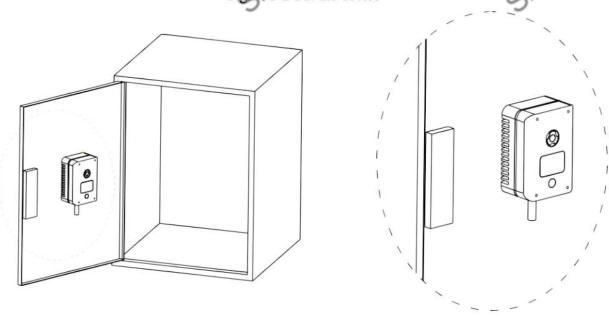
Step 1 Stick the installation sticker label 1 on the cabinet door 's mounting surface, drill three holes based on the marks on the sticker, as shown in Figure 3-1. It is recommended that the drill size be $\phi 3$ - $\phi 4$ mm, and it is better to remove the label after the hole is finished to avoid affecting heat dissipation.



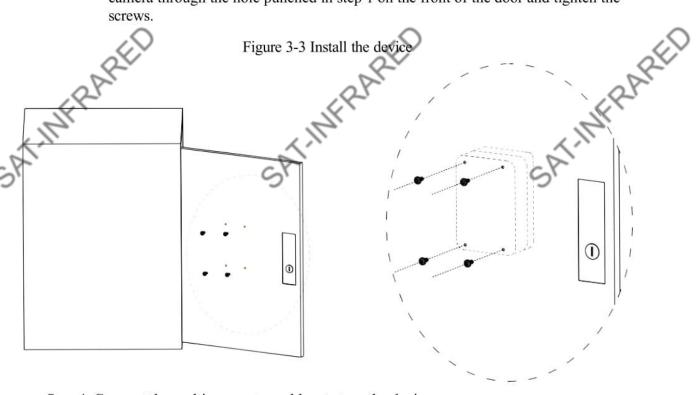


Step 2 Take out the camera and attach the camera to the corresponding step 1 on the back of the cabinet door, as shown in Figure 3-2.

Figure 3-2 Put the device



Step 3 Take out the PWM3×6 screws in the accessory and fix them on the screw holes of the camera through the hole punched in step 1 on the front of the door and tighten the screws.



Step 4 Connect the multi-connector cable, start up the device.

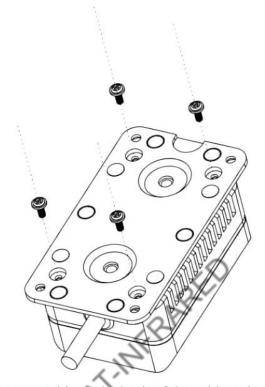
----End

3.1.2Magnet Installation

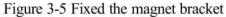
If you can't break the hole in the door or the camera position needs precise adjustment, you need to use the magnet bracket.

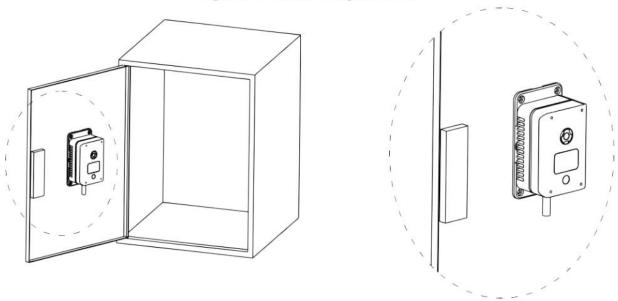
Step 1 Take out the camera and the magnet bracket, install the magnet bracket on the back of the camera, and fix it with the PWM3×6 screws, as shown in Figure 3-4.

Figure 3-4 Install the magnet bracket



Step 2 Attach the camera assembly to the back of the cabinet door, as shown in Figure 3-5. Connect the multi-head combination cable to start up the camera.





Step 3 Combine with the image of live video to move the camera to appropriate location.

----End

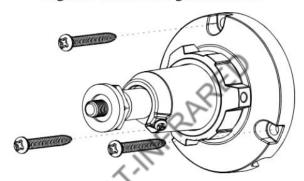
3.2 Walling Installation

3.2.1Bracket Installation

If the camera angle needs to be adjusted, you need to use the gimbal bracket.

- Step 1 Stick the installation sticker label 3 on the walling 's mounting surface, drill three holes based on the marks on the sticker, drive three swell plastic buttons into the holes.
- Step 2 Take out the gimbal bracket, align the three through holes at the bottom of the bracket with the expansion rubber, and fix the bracket with the self-tapping screws in the accessory, as shown in Figure 3-6.

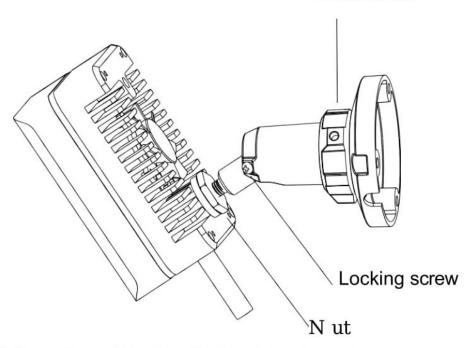
Figure 3-6 Install the gimbal bracket



Step 3 Take out the camera, align the 1/4 UNC hole on the back of the camera to the bracket screw, and then tighten the bracket nut, as shown in Figure 3-7.

Figure 3-7 Install the magnet bracket





Step 4 Connect the multi-head combination cable to start up the camera.

SATINFRARED Step 5 Adjust the universal rod of the bracket to adjust the camera angle, tighten the bottom bracket nut and tighten the locking screw on the bracket to complete the angle adjustment.

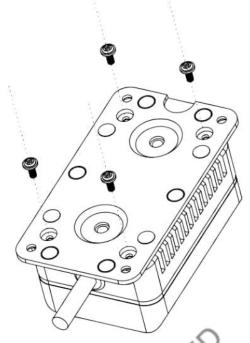
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3.2.2Magnet Installation

- Step 1 Open the label 2 in the positioning label and attach it to the mounting position on the wall. Drill the hole in the small round hole of the positioning label with the drill bit and insert the expansion rubber into the hole.
- Step 2 Take out the camera and the magnet bracket, install the magnet bracket on the back of the camera, and fix it with the PWM3×6 screws, as shown in Figure 3-8.

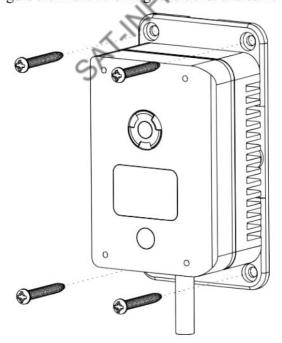
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Figure 3-8 Install the magnet bracket and camera



SATINFRARED Step 3 Attach the camera assembly to the sticker position and remove the self-tapping screws to secure the camera assembly, as shown in Figure 3-9.

Figure 3-9 Install the magnet bracket and camera



Step 4 Connect the multi-head combination cable to start up the camera.

----End

3.3 Packing list

After receiving the equipment, please follow the list of packing list to check, if there is any omission, please contact the seller.

Table 3-1 Packing list

	le 3-1 Packing list	
Item	Quantity	Pict
		ure
	1	
Power supply and cable	1	
User manual	1	
Installation location sticker	1	S S
Screws PWM 3*6	4	
Focus lever	1	
Magnet bracket	1 RAPE	
Self –tapping screw PT4*40	4	
Swell plastic button	4	
Network access port protective cover and waterproof rubber seal	1	
	Camera Power supply and cable User manual Installation location sticker Screws PWM 3*6 Focus lever Magnet bracket Self –tapping screw PT4*40 Swell plastic button Network access port protective cover and	Camera 1 Power supply and cable 1 User manual 1 Installation location sticker 1 Screws PWM 3*6 4 Focus lever 1 Magnet bracket 1 Self –tapping screw PT4*40 Swell plastic button 4 Network access port protective cover and

Bi-Spectrum User Manual	Radiometric Detector	7.1KF	5 P.	Device Installat
SP 11	Gimbal bracket	SP 1		

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Quick

Configuration

Login and Logout 4.1



CAUTION

You must use Internet Explorer 8 or a later version to access the web management system; otherwise, some functions may be unavailable.

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Login system

SATINFRARED Open the Internet Explorer, enter the IP address of IP camera (default Step 1 value: 192.168.0.120) in the address box, and press Enter.

The login page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-1.



Step 2 Input the User name and password.

□ NOTE

The default user name is admin. The default password is admin. Change the password when you login the system for first time to ensure system security.

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- You can change the system display language on the login page.
- Step 3 Click Login.

The main page is displayed.

----End

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Logou t

To logout of system, click in the upper right corner of the main page, the login page is display after you log out of the system.

4.2 Main Page Layout

On the main page, you can view real-time video, set parameter, Video parameter, Video control, and log out of the system. Figure 4-2 is shown the main page layout. Table 4-1 lists the elements on the main page layout. Switch channel to show light video or thermal video, channel 1 is light live video, channel 2 is thermal live video.

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Figure 4-2 Main page layout (light)

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Figure 4-3 Thermal live video



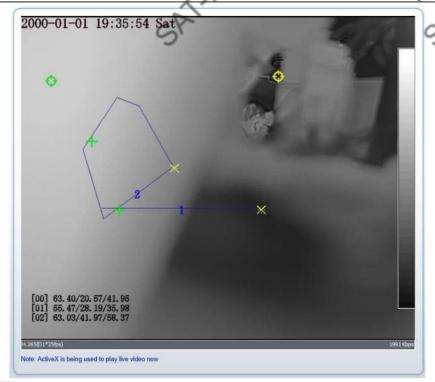
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Table 4-1 Elements on the main page

*		able 4-1 Elements on the main page			
No ·	Element	Description			
1	Real-time video area	Real-time videos are played in this area. You can also set sensor parameters.			
2	Playback	You can query the playback videos in this area. NOTE Only when the SD card has videos that user can query the playback videos.			
3	Device configuration	You can choose a menu to set device parameters, including the device information, audio and video streams, alarm setting, and privacy mask function.			
4	Change password	You can click to change the password.			
5	Sign Out	You can click to return to the login page.			
6	Channel	Switch channel Channel 1 is light live video. Channel 2 is thermal live video.			
7	Stream	Three are four streams in channel 1, there are two streams in channel 2. Choose one type from drop-down list.			
8	Pause/Start	Close live video or play live video.			
9	Live/Smooth	Switch image quality.			
10	Audio	Open or close audio.			
11	Interphone	Open or close interphone.			
12	Sensor setting	Click the icon, it will access to sensor setting.			
13	Snapshot	Click the icon, it will snapshot.			
14	Local record	Click the icon, it will record video and save.			
15	Intelligent analysis	Open or close intelligent analysis.			

O NOTE

- 1. When the device generates an alarm, the alarm icon is displayed. You can click
- to view the alarm information. When the device accepts an alarm signal, the alarm icon will display within 10 s in the web management system.
- 2. When the device encounters an exception, the fault icon is displayed. You can click to view the fault information.



: the lowest temperature of the full screen.

:the highest temperature of the full screen.

the lowest temperature of the area.

: the highest temperature of the area.

----End

4.3 Change the Password

Description

You can click to change the password for logging in to the system.

Procedure

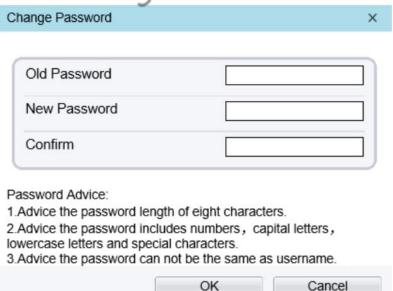
Step 1 Click in the upper right corner of the main page.

The Change Password dialog box is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-4.

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Figure 4-4 Modify Password dialog box



□ NOTE

The change password page will be displayed if you don't change the default password when you login the system for the first time.

- Enter the old password, new password, and confirmation password. Step 2
- Click OK.

FRARED If the message "Change own password success" is displayed, the password is successfully changed. If the password fails to be changed, the cause is displayed. (For example, the new password length couldn't be less than eight.)

Click OK.

The login page is displayed.

----End

4.4 Browse Video

User can browse the real-time video in the web management system.

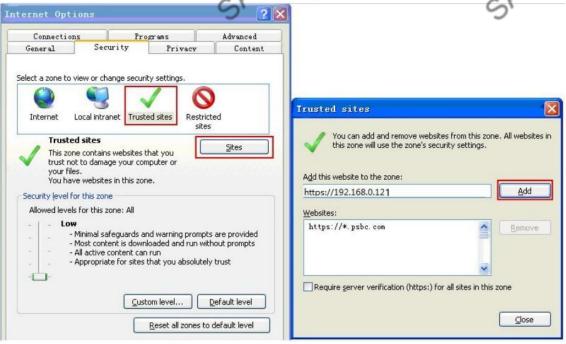
Preparation

To ensure the real-time video can be play properly, you must perform the following operation when you login to the web for the first time:

Step 1 Open the Internet Explorer. Choose Tools > Internet options > Security > Trusted sites > Sites.

In the display dialog box, click **Add**, as shown in Figure 4-5.

Figure 4-5 Adding the a trusted site



and set Download controls not marked as a shown in Figure 4-6. In the Internet Explorer, choose Tool > Internet Options > Security > Customer controls not marked as safe for scripting under ActiveX controls and plug-ins to Enable, as shown in Figure 4-6.

Figure 4-6 Configuring ActiveX control and plug-ins



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Step 3 Download and install the player control as prompted.

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The login page is display when the control is loaded.

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4.5 Install Plugins

You will be prompted with a message "Download and install the new plugin" as shown in Figure 4-7 when you login to the web management system for the first time.

Figure 4-7 Download the plugin page



Selecting a play mode, please

- Continue to use the old plugin.
- Use the VLC to play
- Download and install the new plugin (Please reopen the browser after installing)

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the message, download and install the plugin follow the prompts.
- Step 2 Reopen the browser after installation.

----End

4.5.1 Set Local Network Parameters

Description

Local network parameters include:

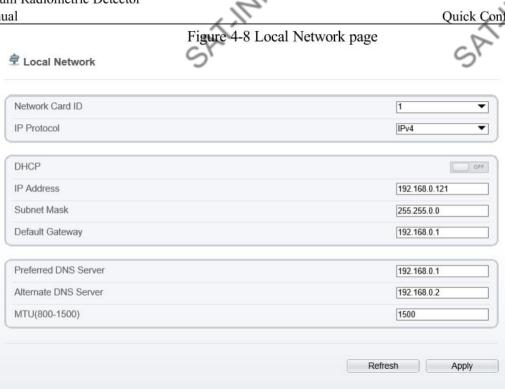
- IP protocol
- IP address
- Subnet mask
- Default gateway
- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
- Preferred Domain Name System (DNS) server
- Alternate DNS server
- MTU

Procedure

Step 1 Choose Configuration > Device > Local Network.

The Local Network page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-8.

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Set the parameters according to Table 4-2. Step 2

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Table 4-2 Local network parameters

	Table 4-2 Local network	parameters
Parameter	Description	Setting
IP Protocol	IPv 4 is the IP protocol that uses an address length of 32 bits.	Setting [Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] IPv4
DHCP	The device automatically obtains the IP address from the DHCP server.	[Setting method] Click the option button. NOTE To query the current IP address of the device, you must query it on the platform based on the device name.
DHCP IP	IP address that the DHCP server assigned to the device.	N/A
IP Address	Device IP address that can be set as required.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 192.168.0.121
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	6	C 1
Parameter	Description	Setting S
Subnet Mask	Subnet mask of the network adapter.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	This parameter must be set if the client accesses the device through a gateway.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 192.168.0.1
Preferred DNS Server	IP address of a DNS server.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 192.168.0.1
Alternate DNS Server	IP address of a domain server. If the preferred DNS server is faulty, the device uses the alternate DNS server to resolve domain names.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 192.168.0.2
MTU	Set the maximum value of network transmission data packets.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. NOTE The MTU value is range from 800 to 1500, the default value is 1500, Please do not change it arbitrarily.

Step 3 Click OK.

- If the message "Apply success" is displayed, click OK. The system saves the settings. The message "Set network pram's success, Please login system again" is displayed. Use the new IP address to login to the web management system.
- If the message "Invalid IP Address", "Invalid Subnet Mask", "Invalid default gateway", "Invalid primary DNS", or "Invalid space DNS" is displayed, set the parameters correctly.

O NOTE

- If you set only the Subnet Mask, Default Gateway, Preferred DNS Server, and Alternate DNS Server parameters, you do not need to login to the system again.
- You can click Reset to set the parameters again if required.

----End

4.6 Thermal Settings

4.6.1 Temperature Parameters

Temperature parameters include: temperature unit, ambient type, ambient temperature, cavity temperature, correctional coefficient and area temperature display mode.

Operation Procedure

Step 1 Choose Configuration > Thermal > Temperature Parameters.

The **Temperature Parameters** page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-9.

Figure 4-9 Temperature Parameters interface



Step 2 Set the parameters according to Table 4-3.

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Table 4-3 Temperature parameters

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Refresh

Apply

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Parameter	Description	Setting
Temperature Unit	Celsius and Fahrenheit temperature units are available.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] Celsius

er Manual		Quick Configu	
Ambient Temperature	The ambient temperature of camera. It is set when	Setting [Setting method] Enter a value manually.	
Cavity Temperatur	ambient is outside. The cavity temperature of camera.	N/A	
Correction Coefficient	Correction coefficient is refer to the deviation of measured object temperature and actual temperature. For example: 1. The measured object temperature is 30, and actual temperature is 37, so the correction coefficient should be 7. 2. The measured object temperature is 37, and actual temperature is 37, and actual temperature is 30, so the correction coefficient should be -7.	4	FRAR
Area Temperature Display Mode	The display position of temperature information on the live-video image.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] Low left	
Font Border	Enable to bold the font	[Setting method] Enable or disable [Default value] Disable	
Custom Colors	Enable to custom the color, there are nine colors chosen.	[Setting method] Enable or disable [Default value] Disable	
Area Temperature Type	There are three types of area temperature.	[Setting method] Select a value from	
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the drop-down list
box.

[Default value]

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E.	Parameter	Description	Setting	
S	Measure Mode	There are two types measure modes.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] General	
	Display Alarm Area	N/A	[Setting method] Enable or disable [Default value] Disable	
	Area Alarm Interval	N/A	[Setting method] Enter a value manually ranges from 1 to 1800. [Default value] 10	
	Temperatur e range	It depends the device, different devices have different modes, there are two ranges, such as - 20 °C -150°C, -40 °C-150°C.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box.	RED
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Figure 4-10 Advanced interface





Table 4-4 Advance parameters

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Parameter		Description	Setting
Dimn	ning Mode	There are auto and manual modes. It will show on temperature item.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] Auto
Greate Promi		Enable that, the image will show the setting color if the temperature is higher than set value.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. Choose one color to show.
Section Promi		Enable that, the image will show the setting color if the temperature is between minimum and maximum temperature.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. Choose one color to show.
Less I	Prominent	Enable that, the image will show the setting color if the temperature is lower than set value.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. Choose one color to show.

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Parameter	Description	Setting
Raw Data Upload Interval(F/S)	Interval of Upload the raw data.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value]
Mix Stream Mode	This function is used for thermal and visible lighting image to mix. There are close, mode 1 and mode 2.	[Default value] Close

Step 3 Click Apply.

The message "Apply success" is displayed, the system saves the settings.

----End

4.6.2 Temperature Area

Operation Procedure

Step 1 Choose Configuration > Thermal > Temperature Area.

The Temperature Area page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-11

Figure 4-11 Temperature area and alarm configuration



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Table 4-5 Temperature area and alarm configuration

real"	Table 4-3 Temperature area and	diami comgulation
Parameter	Description	Setting
Channel	N/A	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value]
Measure Mode	Set at temperature parameter interface.	N/A
Enable	Tick to enable the areas	N/A
ID	It ranges from 0 to 19	N/A
Name	Area name of temperature area.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually.
Туре	Type of temperature area. ID 0 is default rectangle area, which is full screen.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value]

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	at."	Quick Configuration Rectangle/Point
Parameter	Description	Setting
Alarm Type	Threshold alarm, Section Alarm and Temperature difference alarm are available for alarm type. Section Alarm: if the temperature value is among the set temperature range, it will generate the alarm.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] Threshold alarm
Warning Value	Camera will warn when the surveillance object temperature reaches the warning value. At threshold alarm type and difference alarm type can be set.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 48.00
Alarm Value	Camera will alarm when the surveillance object temperature reaches the alarm value.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 50.00
Maximum Alarm Value	At section alarm type, the device would not alarm when the temperature is higher than maximum alarm value.	50.00 [Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 60.00
Emission Rate	The emission rate is the capability of an object to emit or absorb energy. The emission rate should be set only when the target is special material. The emission rate list refers to A Common Emission Rate	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 0.95
Distance(M)	The distance between camera and target.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 15 NOTE Enter actual distance when the distance between camera and target is less than 15 m. Enter 15 when the

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camera and target is great than or equal to 15 m.

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Parameter	Description	Setting
Alarm	Open or close the alarm output and linkage of area.	[Setting method] Tick the alarm
		areas

Step 3 Set temperature area.

- 1. Tick an area ID.
- 2. Select type from drop-list.
- 3. Press and hold the left mouse button, and drag in the video area to draw a temperature area, as shown in Figure 4-12. Right-click to finish the area selected.

Figure 4-12 Temperature Area Setting Interface



4. Click **Apply**, the message "Apply success" is displayed, the temperature area is set successfully.

Delete a temperature area:

- 1. Select an area ID.
- 2. Click the temperature area and right-click.
- 3. Remove the tick of area ID.
- 4. Click **Apply**, the message "Apply success" is displayed, the temperature area is deleted successfully.

Step 4 Click Apply.

The message "Apply success" is displayed, the system saves the settings.

----End

4.6.3 Shield Area

Shield area is meaning that the camera will not to detect the temperature of that area.

Operation Procedure

Step 1 Choose Configuration > Thermal > Shield Area.

Figure 4-13 Shield Area



Enable the shield area.

Step 3 Enable Show Shield Area, then the setting shield will show on live video.

Click left mouse button to set area, click right mouse button to end the Step 4

setting. Step 5 Click Clear to clear the shield area.

----End

4.6.4 Schedule Linkage

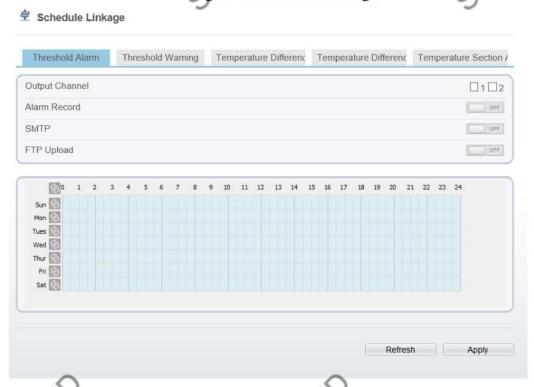
Operation Procedure

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Choose Configuration > Thermal > Schedule Linkage Step 1

The **Schedule Linkage** page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-14.

Figure 4-14 Schedule Linkage



- Step 2 Tick the output channel.
- Step 3 Enable "Alarm Record", "SMTP", "FTP" button.
- Step 4 Set schedule linkage.

Method 1: Click left mouse button to select any time point within 0:00-24:00 from Monday to Sunday as shown in Figure 4-14.

Method 2: Hold down the left mouse button, drag and release mouse to select the alarm time within 0:00-24:00 from Sunday to Saturday.

NOTE

When you select time by dragging the cursor, the cursor cannot be moved out of the time area. Otherwise, no time can be selected.

Method 3: Click in the alarm time page to select the whole day or whole week.

Deleting alarm time: Click again or inverse selection to delete the selected alarm time.

Step 5 Click Apply.

The message "Apply success" is displayed, the system saves the settings.

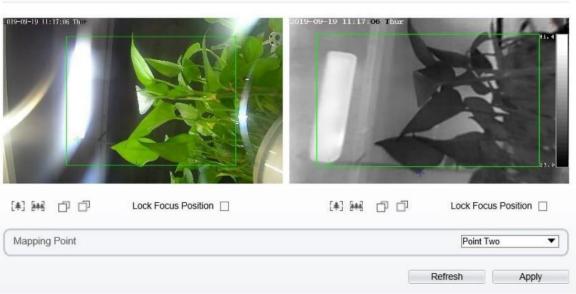
----End

4.6.5 Thermal Mapping

Step 1 Choose **Configuration** > **Thermal Mapping**, as shown in Figure 4-15.

Figure 4-15 Thermal mapping interface





Step 2 Settings please refer to Table 4-6.

Table 4-6 Parameter of thermal mapping

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/	Parameter	Description	Setting
AT.IN	[*] [**]	Zoom in /zoom out.	Setting [Setting method] Click the button
		Near focus / far focus.	[Setting method] Click the button
	Lock focus position	N/A	[Setting method] Tick .
	Mapping point	You need map three points at two channels. Points are correspond of each. The three points should cover most areas, and two points are located in the diagonal display of the picture. Point one is green cross. Point two is red cross.	[Setting method] Select from drop list.
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SA	Point three is blue cross.	SA

Step 3 Click **Apply**. The message "**Apply success**" is displayed, the system saves the settings.

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4.6.6 Bad Point Check

Description

The points that can't move when the environment or scenario change is bad point. You can delete the bad point by bad point check function.

Procedure

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Step 1 Choose Configuration > Thermal > Bad Point Check

The **Bad Point Check** page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-16.

Figure 4-16 Bad Point Check



Step 2 Click the white point at image, click **Apply** to recover the bad point, as shown in Figure 4-17

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Figure 4-17 Recover bad point



Step 3 Click **Reset** to return the previous settings.

4.6.7

Procedure

Step 1 Choose Configuration > Thermal > LED Control Parameter.

The LED Control Parameter page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-16.

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Figure 4-18 LED Control Parameter

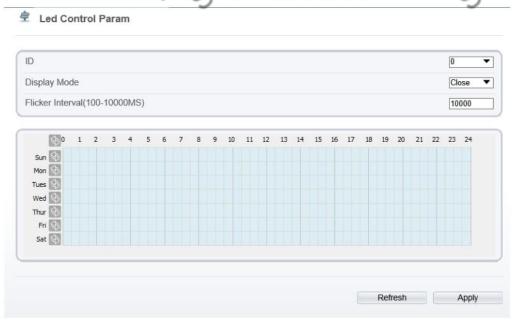


Table 4-7 Parameter of thermal mapping

Parameter	Description	Setting
Display mode	There are four modes, Close/Open/Flicker/Timing.	[Setting method] Select from drop list.
Flicker interval(1 00- 10000 ms)	Display mode is Flicker , and user need to set an interval to flash the LED.	[Setting method] Input an integer from 100 to 10000
Schedule	Display mode is Timing , user to set time to open LED.	[Setting method] Drag mouse to select the time, or click to choose one day or one week.

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Step 2 Click **Apply** to save the settings, as shown in Figure 4-17

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Thermal Parameter

Configuration

Access the Sensor Setting Interface 5.1

Operation procedure:

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Step 1 On the web interface or client interface, move the cursor to the real-time video page and right-click on the page. A shortcut menu is displayed, as shown in Figure 5-1, and Table 5-1 describes the sensor setting interface.

Figure 5-1 Sensor Setting interface

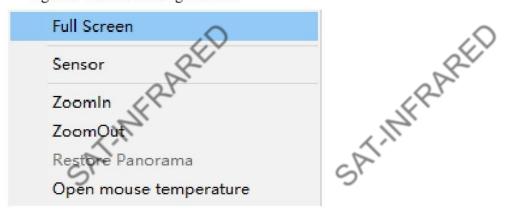


Table 5-1 Sensor Setting interface

Description	
It enlarges and displays the image in full screen.	
It refers to the function that hides the IP address, code rate and other information of the functioning imaging device on the Client Side. Note: This function is only applicable to the Client Side and not for the WEB Side.	
It is used for configuring the parameter set of front-end images.	
It zooms in/out images by electronic means. This function may also be used with the mouse wheel.	
Click this, and mouse cursor display temperature of point that cursor's position.	
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	It enlarges and displays the image in full screen. It refers to the function that hides the IP address, code rate and other information of the functioning imaging device on the Client Side. Note: This function is only applicable to the Client Side and not for the WEB Side. It is used for configuring the parameter set of front-end images. It zooms in/out images by electronic means. This function may also be used with the mouse wheel. Click this, and mouse cursor display temperature of point that cursor's position.

Thermal Parameter Configuration

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Step 2 Choose **Sensor Configure** and the **Sensor Setting** dialog box appears.

----End

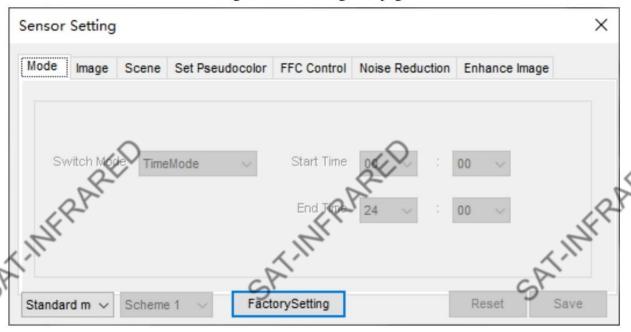
5.2 Sensor Setting Parameter description

5.2.1 Mode

Operation procedure:

Step 1 Click **Mode** tag on sensor setting interface, the time segment page is displayed, as shown in Figure 5-2.

Figure 5-2 Time Segment page



Step 2 Choose Debug Model in the lower left corner to activate the sensor setting

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page. Step 3 Set the switch mode parameters.

Step 4 Click save to save the setting.

----End

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5.2.2 Image Setting

Figure 5-3 shows the image setting interface.

Figure 5-3 Image setting interface

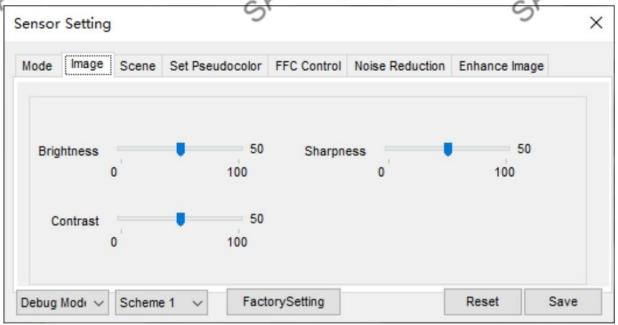


Table 5-2 describes the image setting parameters.

Table 5-2 Image setting parameter description

	Parameter	Description	Setting
A	Brightness	It indicates the total brightness of an image. As the value increases, the image becomes brighter.	Setting [Setti ng meth od] Drag the slider . [Default value] 50
	Contrast	It indicates the contrast between the bright part and the dark part of an image. As the value increases, the contrast increases.	[Setti ng meth od] Drag the slider . [Default value]
	Sharpness	It indicates the sharpness of the image plane and the sharpness of the image edge. The shaper the image, the better detail contrast.	[Setti ng
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----End

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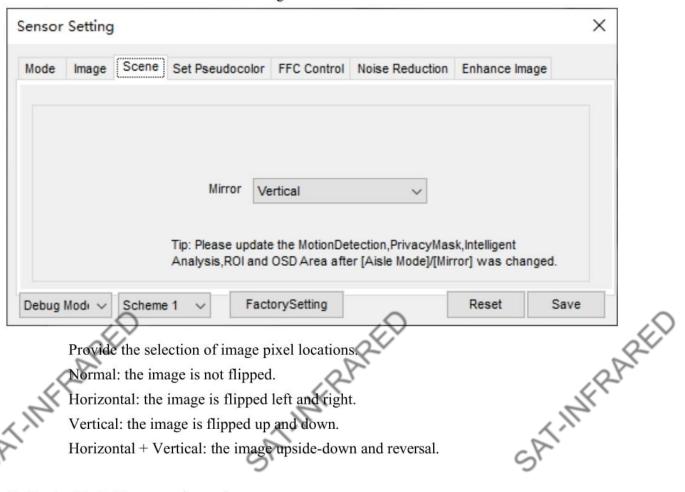
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5.2.3 Scene

SATIMFRAN Figure 5-4 shows the scene interface.

Figure 5-4 Scene interface



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Provide the selection of image pixel locations

Normal: the image is not flipped.

Horizontal: the image is flipped left and right.

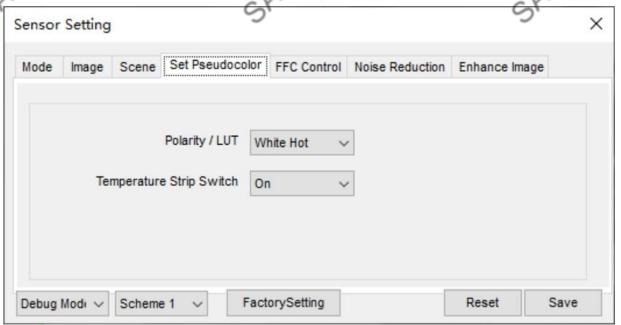
Vertical: the image is flipped up and down.

Horizontal + Vertical: the image upside-down and reversal.

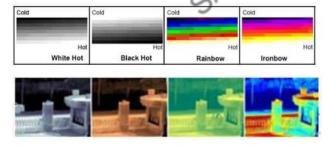
5.2.4 Set Psecudocolor

Figure 5-5 shows the set pseudocolor interface.

Figure 5-5 set pseudocolor interface



Polarity/LUT: the temperatures of the temperature fields detected by the thermal imaging camera are separately mapped to values ranging from 0 to 255 by the algorithm. In the black/white display mode, this range is converted to the grayscale tones. For example, 0 indicates completely black, and 255 indicates completely white. The temperature field of the scene is converted to images by using the grayscale ranging from 0 to 255. Different polarity modes can be converted to different display images. The most common setting is white hot (a hotter object is displayed brighter than a colder object) or black hot (a hotter object is displayed darker than a colder object). The difference between two modes lies in that the temperatures corresponding to the darker one and the lighter one are reversed. Other modes include rainbow, ironbow, HSV, autumn, bone and so on.



Temperature strip switch is on, the live video will show it, otherwise is no strip.

5.2.5 FFC Control

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Figure 5-6 shows the FFC mode interface.

Figure 5-6 FFC mode interface

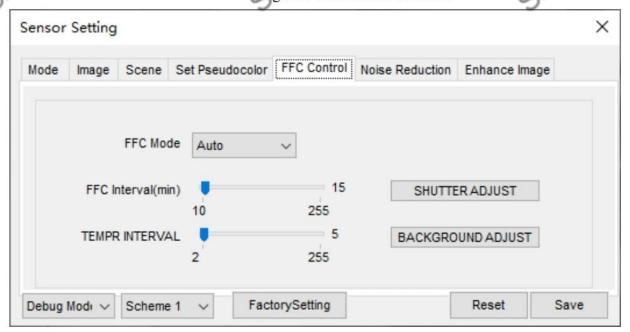


Table 5-3 describes the FFC mode parameters.

Table 5-3 FFC control parameter description

	Paramet er	Description	Setting
SA	FFC Mode	The internal of the thermal imaging camera may comprise the mechanical action correction mechanism that can periodically improve the image quality. This component is called flat field correction (FFC). When controlling the FFC, the FFC shields the sensor array, so that each portion of the sensor can collect uniform temperature fields (flat field). By means of FFC, the camera can update the correction coefficients to output more uniform images. Throughout the FFC process, the video image is frozen for two seconds and a static-frame image is displayed. After the FFC is complete, the image is automatically recovered. Repeated FFC operations can prevent the grainy and image degradation problems. The FFC is especially important when the temperature of the camera changes. For example, after the camera is powered on or the ambient temperature is changed, you should immediately perform the FFC. Auto: In the Automatic FFC mode, the camera performs FFC whenever its	[How to set] Select from the drop- down list box. [Default value] Auto
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	er Manual	, E-mile	rmal Parameter Configu	ratio
SA		temperature changes by a specified amount or at the end of a specified period of time (whichever comes first). When thisges from 10 to 255 minutes. The temperature	SAT	
		change of the camera is based on the temperatures collected by the internal temperature probe. The temperature of the camera sharply changes when the camera is powered on. The FFC is relatively frequent, which is normal.		
		Manual: In the manual FFC mode, the camera does not automatically perform the FFC based on the temperature change or the specified period. Choose manual mode, when you feel that the image is obviously degraded but the automatic FFC is not performed, you can use the manual FFC function to check whether the image quality can be improved.		
	FFC Inter val (min)	In the automatic FFC mode, the FFC interval ranges from 10 to 255 minutes.	[How to set] Drag the slider. [Default value] 5	
A	Tem per Inter val	In the automatic FFC mode, the FFC interval ranges from 5 to 25.5 centigrade.	[How to set] Drag the slider. [Default value] 5	<<
5	Shu tter Adj ust	Click the icon to adjust exposure immediately.	N/A	
	Backgrou nd Adjust	Click the icon and cover the camera with something to adjust image. Remove the thing to finish adjustment.	N/A	

----End

5.2.6 Noise Reduction

Figure 5-7 shows the Noise reduction interface.

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Figure 5-7 Noise reduction interface

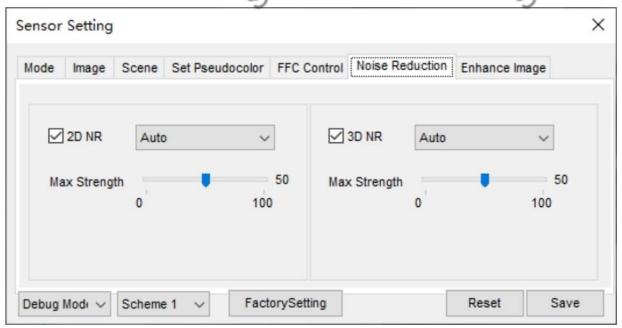


Table 5-4 describes noise reduction parameters.

Table 5-4 DNR parameter description

Parameter	Description	Setting
2 DNR	Decrease the image noise.	[How to set] Select from the drop-down list box. Drag the slider to adjust max strength. [Default value] Auto
3 DNR	Decrease the image noise.	[How to set] Select from the drop-down list box. Drag the slider to adjust max strength. [Default value] Auto

----End

5.2.7 Enhance Image

Figure 5-8 shows the screen adjustment interface and Table 5-5 shows the screen adjustment parameter..

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Figure 5-8 Enhance image interface

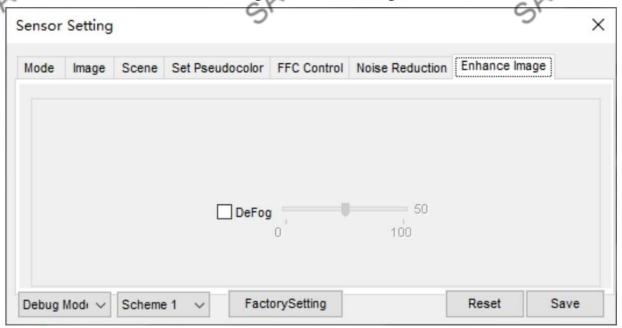


Table 5-5 Screen adjustment parameter description

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Paramete r	Meaning	Configuration Method
Defog	Decrease the image fog.	[How to set] Drag the slider. [Default value] 50

----End

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6 Visible-light Parameter Configuration

6.1 Access the Sensor Interface

Operation procedure

Step 1 On the web or NVMS interface, move the cursor to the real-time video page and right-click on the page. A shortcut menu is displayed, as shown in Figure 6-1.

Figure 6-1 Sensor Setting interface



tep 2 Choose Sensor Configure and the Sensor Setting dialog box appears.

----End

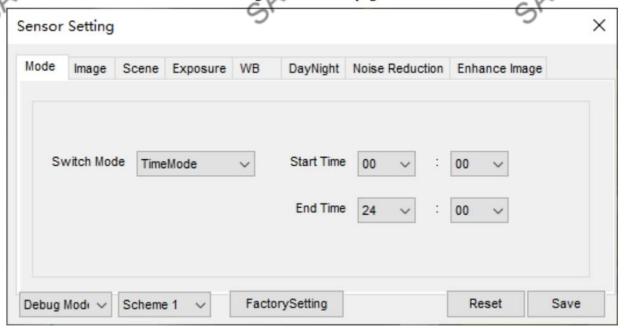
6.2 Sensor Setting Parameter description

6.2.1 Mode

Operation procedure:

Step 1 Click **Mode** tag on sensor setting interface, the time segment page is displayed, as shown in Figure 6-2.

Figure 6-2 Mode page



Step 2 Choose Debug Model in the lower left corner to activate the sensor setting page. SATINFRARED

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- Step 3 Set the time segment parameters.
- Step 4 Click save to save the setting.

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Image Adjust

INFRARES Figure 6-3 shows the Image Adjust tab page.

Figure 6-3 Image Adjust tab page

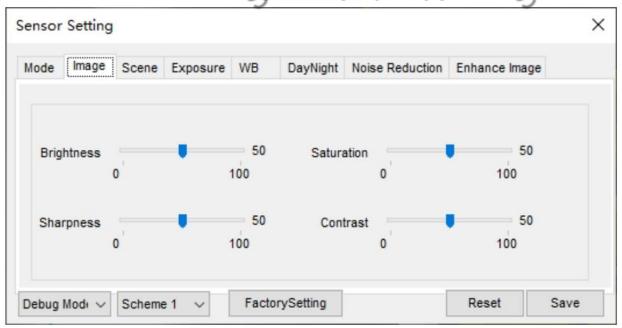


Table 6-1 describes the parameters on the Image Adjust tab page.

Table 6-1 Parameters on the Image Adjust tab page

	Table 6-1 Parameters on the Image Adjust tab page				
	Paramet er	Description	Configuration Method [Setting		
SA	Contrast	It indicates the contrast between the bright part and the dark part of an image. As the value increases, the contrast increases.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value]		
	Brightness	It indicates the total brightness of an image. As the value increases, the image becomes brighter.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value]		
	Sharpness	It indicates the border sharpness of an image. As the value increases, the borders become clearer, and the number of noise points increases.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value]		
	Saturation	It indicates the color saturation of an image. As the value increases, the image becomes more colorful.	[Setting method] Drag the slider.		
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SA	SA	[Default value] 50

----End

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6.2.3 Scene Mode

Figure 6-4 shows the scene mode interface.

Figure 6-4 Scene mode interface

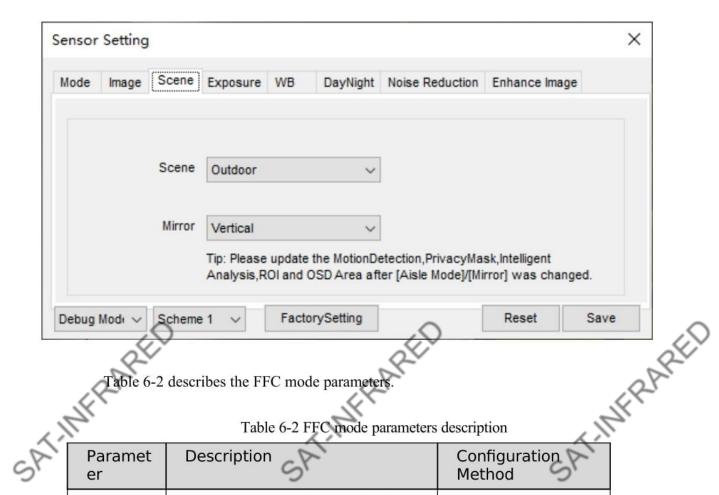


Table 6-2 FFC mode parameters description

, ~	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
Paramet er	Description	Configuration Method
Scene	It indicates the working mode of a camera Outdoor: It applies to outdoor scenarios. Indoor: It applies to indoor scenarios.	[Configuration method] Select from the drop- down list [Default value] Outdoor

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Paramet er	Description C	Configuration Method
Mirror	 It is used to select the pixel location of an image. Normal: The image does not flip. Horizontal: The image flips to the left and right. Vertical: The image flips up and down. Horizontal and vertical: The image rotates at 180 degrees. 	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list. [Default value] Normal
Freeze	It can be set to on or off . It is used to enable or disable the image freezing function of a camera.	[Setting method] Tick the Freeze status. [Default value] Disable

6.2.4 Exposure

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Figure 6-5 shows the Exposure interface.

Figure 6-5 Exposure interface for high speed dome

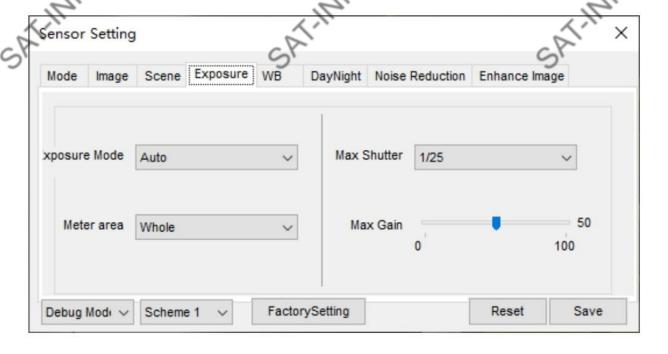


Table 6-3 describes Exposure parameters.

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MERN Table 6-3 Exposure parameters description

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	i-Spectrum Radio ser Manual	V K-min	ht Parameter Configura
- D		Table 6-3 Exposure parameters description	
2,	Parameter	Meaning	Configuration Method
	Exposure Mode	 Auto: The system performs auto exposure based on the monitoring environment. Manual: You can adjust the brightness of an image by setting the following three items: Shutter Setting, Iris Setting and Gain Setting. Shutter Priority: You can set Shutter Setting to fixed values. The iris and gain are automatically adjusted by the system. Iris Priority (for high speed dome): You can set Iris Setting to fixed values. The 	[Setting method] Select a value from the dropdown list. [Default value] Auto
X	Max Shut ter	shutter and gain are automatically adjusted by the system. The device automatically adjusts the shutter time based on the ambient brightness. The shutter time is less than or equal to the value of this parameter.	[Setting method] Select a value from the dropdown list. [Default value]
5	Max Gain	The device automatically adjusts the gain based on the external light. The gain is less than or equal to the value of this parameter.	[Setti ng meth od] Drag the slider. [Default value]
	Iris (for high speed dome)	It is valid in manual mode and iris priority mode. You can adjust the brightness of an image by setting the iris. As the value increases, the brightness increases (when the shutter and gain remain the same). However, the camera movement automatically adjusts the shutter and gain in this mode. Therefore, the brightness of an image may not increase when you increase the iris.	[Setting method] Select a value from the dropdown list. [Default value] F1.6

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WB Setting

ATHEREN Figure 6-6 shows the **WB Setting** interface.

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Figure 6-6 WB Setting interface

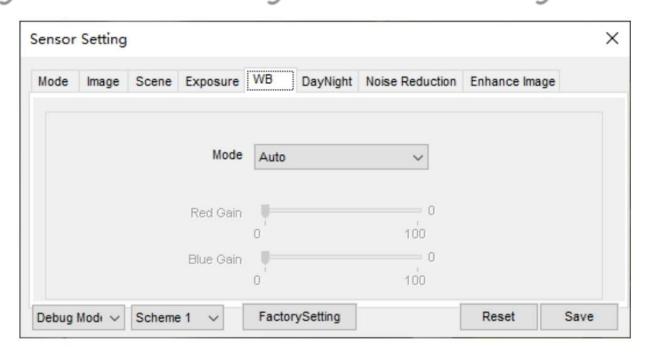


Table 6-4 describes WB Setting parameters.

Table 6-4 WB Setting parameters description

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Paramete r	Meaning	Configuration Method
Mode	It is adjusted based on application scenarios to improve the fidelity of the image color. The WB modes include: • Auto: In automatic white balance (WB) mode, the system automatically performs white balance based on the monitoring environment. • Tungsten • Fluorescent • Daylight • Shadow • Manual: In manual WB mode, you can manually select a WB mode based on the monitoring environment.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop- down list. [Default value] Auto

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Paramete r	Meaning	Configuration Method
Red Gain	It indicates the gain applied to red channels. As the value increases, the color temperature becomes lower. NOTE This parameter is valid when Manual Mode is set to Customized.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 0
Blue Gain	It indicates the gain applied to blue channels. As the value increases, the color temperature becomes higher. NOTE This parameter is valid when Manual Mode is set to Customized.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 0

6.2.6 Daynight

The day night mode settings vary based on device models. For details, see the following sections.

Figure 6-7 shows the DayNight Mode interface.

Figure 6-7 DayNight Mode interface

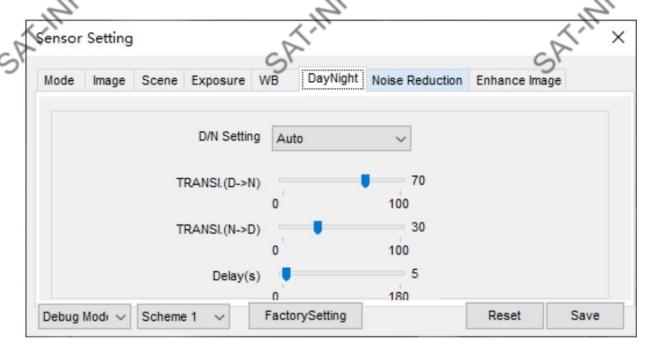


Table 6-5 describes DayNight Mode parameters.

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Table 6-5 DNR parameters description

Domonatan	Magning Magning		
Parameter D/N Setting Mode	It can be set to Auto, Day, Night or Timing. • Auto mode The image color and filter status are automatically switched based on the ambient brightness. The filter prevents infrared light from entering the sensor in the day state and allows all types of light to enter the sensor in the night state. • Day mode The image is colored, and the	Configuration Method [Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list. [Default value] Auto	
MFRARE	filter is in the day state, preventing infrared light from entering the sensor.	SATI	FRARED
TRANSI. (D ->N)(dB)	It determines the day-to-night switching in auto mode. When the system gain is greater than the value of this parameter, the system enters the night mode. INOTE This parameter is valid in auto mode. The value of TRANSI.(D->N) must be greater than the value of TRANSI.(N->D).	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 70	

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Parameter	Meaning	Configuration Method	
TRANSI. (N ->D)(dB)	It determines the night-to-day switching in auto mode. When the system gain is smaller than the value of this parameter, the system enters the day mode. INOTE This parameter is valid in auto mode. The value of TRANSI.(D->N) must be greater than the value of TRANSI.(N->D).	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 30	
Delay(s)	The delay time of day to night or night to day. NOTE This parameter is valid in auto mode.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 0	
DTN Time	Time of day to night.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list. [Default value] 18:00	
NTD Time	Time of night to day.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list. [Default value] 6:00	Ś

6.2.7 Noise Reduction

Figure 6-8 shows the Noise Reduction interface.

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Figure 6-8 Noise Reduction interface

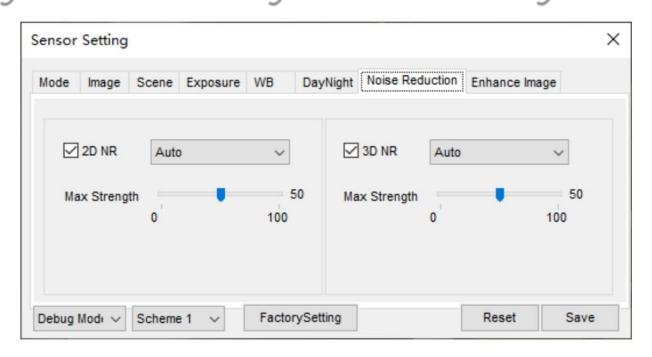


Table 6-6 DNR parameters description

	Table 6-6 de	escribes DNR parameters. Table 6-6 DNR parameters descrip	Configuration Method [Configuration	
	Parameter	Meaning	Configuration Method	
1/1	2D NR	Reduce noise of image.	[Configuration method] Select from the drop-down list [Default value] Auto	
	Max Strength	It is valid in auto noise filter mode. When the parameter value is 0 , the noise filter is disabled. When the parameter value is greater than 0 , the noise filter is enabled, and the system automatically adjusts the noise filter level based on the ambient brightness without exceeding the value of this parameter.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 50	
	3D NR	Reduce noise of image.	[Configuration method] Select from the drop- down list [Default value] Auto	

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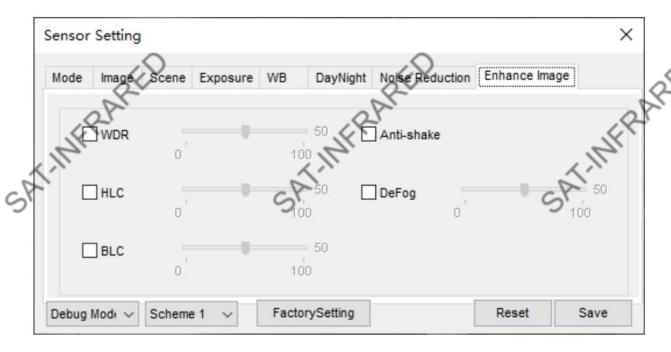
Parameter	Meaning	Configuration Method
Max Strength	It is valid in auto noise filter mode. When the parameter value is 0 , the noise filter is disabled. When the parameter value is greater than 0 , the noise filter is enabled, and the system automatically adjusts the noise filter level based on the ambient brightness without exceeding the value of this parameter.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 50

6.2.8 Enhance Image

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Figure 6-9 shows the enhance image interface and Table 6-7 shows the enhance image parameter.

Figure 6-9 Enhance image interface



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Table 6-7 Enhance image parameters description

5	Table 6-7 Ennance image parameters description			
	Paramete r	Meaning	Configuration Method	
	WDR	It is used to display the foreground and background at the same time in the environment with a large brightness difference. When the brightness difference is larger, you can increase the WDR level to obtain better image effect.	[Setting method] Tick the WDR mode and drag the slider. [Default value] 50	
	HLC	It provides a clearer view of an image in the highlight environment. When HLC is enabled, the total brightness of an image is reduced, allowing you to view objects in front of the highlight.	[Setting method] Tick the HLC mode and drag the slider. [Default value] 50	
\.\\\	BLOCKE	It provides a clearer view of an image in the backlight environment. When BLC is enabled, the total brightness of an image increases, allowing you to view objects in front of the backlight. Meanwhile, the objects behind the backlight are exposed excessively.	[Setting method] Tick the BLC mode.	MFRARED
SA	DeFog	It provides a clearer view of an image in the fogged environment when Defog is enabled. As the value increases, the image becomes clearer.	[Setting method] Tick the Defog mode and drag the slider. [Default value] 50	

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A Common Emission

Rate

Emission Rate

The emission rate is the capability of an object to emit or absorb energy. An ideal transmitter provides an emission rate of emitting 100% of intake energy. An object with an emission rate of 0.8 can absorb 80% of intake energy, and reflect the remaining 20%. The emission rate is the ratio of the energy emitted by an object at a specific temperature to that emitted by an ideal radiator at the same temperature. The range of emission rate value is 0.0 to 1.0 generally.

Materia ls	Temperature (°C/°F)	Emissiv ity
Gold (High-purity)	227/440	0.0 2
Aluminum foil	27/81	0.0 4
Aluminum sheet	27/81	0.1 8
Aluminum used for families (flat)	23/73	0.0
Aluminum plate (98.3% purity)	227/440	0.0
	577/1070	0.0 6
Aluminum plate (rough)	26/78	0.0 6
Aluminum (oxidized @	199/390	0.1
599°C	99/1110	.19

Bi-Spectrum R User Manual	adiometric Detector	MFRA	A Common Emission Rate	
Polished alu	minum	38/100	0.2 5 2	
Tin (light tir	ned Iron sheet)	25/77	0.0	
Nickel wire		187/368	0.1	

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CA'	SA'	SA'
Lead (99.9% purity, No oxidized)	127/260	0.06
Copper	199/390	0.18
Cobalt	599/1110	0.19
	199/390	0.5
Steel	599/1110	0.57
Tinned iron sheet (Light)	28/82	0.23
Brass(High-polish)	247/476	0.03
Brass (Tough rolled, polished metal wire)	21/70	0.04
Tinned Iron (Light)	-	0.13
Iron plate (Rust eaten)	20/68	0.69
Rolled steel sheet	21/71	0.66
Ferric oxide	100/212	0.74
Wrought-iron	21/70	0.94
Fused iron	1299-1399/3270- 2550	0.29
Copper (Polished)	21-117/70-242	0.02
Copper(Polished, not reflected)	22/72	0.07
Copper (Heavy oxide Board)	25/77	0.78
Enamel (Fuse on iron)	19/66	0.9
Formica Plate	27/81	0.94
Frozen soil	-	0.93
Brick (Red, rough)	21/70	0.93
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Bi-Spectrum Radiometric Detector User Manual	IZY.	A Common Emission Ra
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Brick (Unglazed, rough)	51000/1832	0.8
Carbon (T - carbon 0.9% ash)	127/260	0.81
Concrete	-	0.94
Glass (Glossy)	22/72	0.94
Granite (Surfaced)	21/70	0.85
Ice	0/32	0.97
Marble (I Polished, grey)	22/72	0.93
Asbestos board	23/74	0.96
	38/100	0.93
Asbestos paper	371/700	0.95
Asphalt (Paving the road)	4/39	0.97
Paper (Black tar)	- 24	0.93
Paper (White)	LPS	0.95
Plastic (White)		0.91